IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF PUERTO RICO

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

Plaintiff,

v.

CRIMINAL NO. 08-234 (ADC)

JOSE ELIAS CASTRO-PEREZ,

Defendant.

REPORT AND RECOMMENDATION

Defendant José Elias Castro-Pérez was charged in a Count One Indictment and has agreed to plead guilty to the only Count under a straight plea. Count One charges that, on or about June 13, 2008, in the District of Puerto Rico, and elsewhere, and within the jurisdiction of this Court, the defendant herein, being an alien previously deported from the United States, did knowingly, attempt to enter the United States without obtaining, prior to his reembarkation at a place outside the United States, the express consent from the Attorney General of the United States, or his successor, the Secretary of the Department of Homeland Security, pursuant to Title 6, <u>United States Code</u>, Sections 202(3), 202(4) and 557, to reapply for admission into the United States.

The aforementioned offense was committed after defendant was convicted and deported for a felony. All in violation of Title 8, United States Code, Sections 1326(a)(2) and (b)(1).

Defendant appeared before this Magistrate Judge on August 11, 2008, since the Rule 11 hearing was referred by the court. Defendant was provided with the Waiver of Right to Trial by Jury, which he signed and agreed upon voluntarily after examination in open court, under oath.

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Defendant indicated and confirmed his intention to plead guilty to Count One of the

Indictment, upon being advised of his right to have said proceedings before a district judge of

this court. Upon verifying through defendant's statement his age, education and any relevant

aspect as to the use of medication, drugs, alcohol or substance dependency, and psychological

or psychiatric condition, to ascertain his capacity and ability to understand, answer and

comprehend the interactive colloquy with this Magistrate Judge, a determination was made as

to defendant's competency and ability to understand the proceedings.

Having further advised defendant of the charges contained in above-stated Count One,

he was examined and verified as being correct that: he had consulted with his counsel, Attorney

Coral Rodríguez-Morales, from the Federal Public Defender's Office, prior to the hearing for

change of plea, that he was satisfied with the services provided by his legal representative and

had time to discuss with her all aspects of the case, insofar, among other things, regarding the

change of plea, the consent to proceed before a United States Magistrate Judge, the content of

the Indictment and charges therein, his constitutional rights and the consequences of the waiver

of same.

Defendant was specifically appraised by this Magistrate Judge that, upon withdrawing

his initial plea of not guilty and now entering a plea of guilty to the charges specified, he was

waiving his right to a public, speedy, and a trial by jury constituted by twelve jurors who have

to unanimously agree to a verdict. He was also waiving his right to be presumed innocent and

¹ The form entitled Consent to Proceed Before a United States Magistrate Judge in a Felony Case for Pleading Guilty (Rule 11, Fed.R.Crim.P.) and Waiver of Jury Trial, signed and consented by both parties is made part of the record.

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for the government to meet the obligation of establishing his guilt beyond a reasonable doubt.

Furthermore, he was waiving his right during said trial to confront the witnesses who were to

testify against him and be able to cross-examine them, through counsel at said trial, as well as

present evidence on his behalf. He was also waiving the right to compel the attendance of

witnesses and that subpoenas be issued to have them appear in court to testify. Defendant was

specifically appraised of his right to take the stand and testify, if he so decided, or not to testify,

and no inference or decision as to his guilt could be made from the fact if he decides not to

testify. Defendant was also explained his right not to incriminate himself; that upon such a

waiver of all above-discussed rights a judgment of guilty and his sentence were to be based on

his plea of guilty, and he would be sentenced by the judge after considering the information

contained in a pre-sentence report.

As to all the above, defendant provided an individualized and positive acknowledgment

of each and every waiver and, with the assistance of his counsel, Attorney Rodríguez-Morales,

indicated he freely and voluntarily waived those rights and understood the consequences.

During all this colloguy, defendant was made aware that he could freely request from this

Magistrate Judge any additional clarification, repetition, or ask questions and that he may

consult with his attorney at any given time as to any issue.

Defendant expressed his understanding of the penalties prescribed by statute for the

offense as to which he was pleading guilty. The penalty for the offense in Count One, as

charged, is a term of imprisonment of up to ten (10) years, a fine not to exceed two hundred

and fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000.00), a term of supervised release of up to three (3) years,

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advisory.

in addition to the term of incarceration, and a special monetary assessment of one hundred dollars (\$100.00), per count.

Insofar as Count One as to which defendant already was aware of the maximum possible penalties, defendant was appraised that it was up to the sole discretion of the sentencing court

what the sentence to be imposed on him will be.

Defendant was specifically informed that any sentencing calculations he could have discussed with his counsel were not binding for the sentencing court, but were only estimates of possible terms of his sentence, which could always be imposed, at the sole discretion of the court, up to the maximum penalties allowed by statute, and dependent upon the information and verification thereof of the pre-sentence report that the court would have before it at the time of imposition of the sentence. The government, defendant, and his counsel also expressed they are aware the Sentencing Guidelines are no longer mandatory and are thus, considered

The government presented to this Magistrate Judge and to defendant, assisted by his counsel, a summary of the basis in fact for the offense charged and the evidence the government had available to establish, in the event defendant had elected to go to trial, the commission of the offense, beyond a reasonable doubt. Counsel and defendant acknowledged the evidence of the government was fully disclosed to them and previously discussed between them. Defendant was able to understand the explanation and agreed with the government's submission.

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Having once more ascertained that defendant indicated not being induced to plead guilty, and was entering such a plea because in fact he is guilty, without any promises or predictions being made as to the sentence to be imposed by the court, defendant was informed that parole has been abolished under the applicable Sentencing Reform Act and that any sentence of imprisonment would be served, without him being released on parole. Defendant was additionally informed that prior to sentence, the sentencing judge will have a pre-sentence report and that it would be made available to him, to his counsel and to the government, so that they be allowed to correct or object to any information contained in said report which was not accurate. Depending on the facts found by the court at the time and the sentence imposed, both defendant and the government may appeal the sentence of the court.

Defendant acknowledged that entering a plea of guilty could have consequences on his legal status in the United States because he could be facing removal or deportation proceedings upon sentencing.

Defendant was read in open court Count One and shown the Indictment, indicating he availed himself of the opportunity to further discuss same with his attorney and then he positively stated that what was contained in Count One of the Indictment was what he had done and to which he was pleading guilty during these proceedings. Thereupon, defendant indicated he was pleading guilty to Count One of the Indictment in Criminal No. 08-234 (ADC).

This Magistrate Judge after having explained to defendant his rights, ascertaining that he was acting freely and voluntarily to the waiver of such rights and in his decision of pleading guilty under a straight plea, with full knowledge of the consequences thereof, and there being

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a basis in fact for such a plea, is recommending that a plea of guilty be entered as to Count One of the Indictment in Criminal No. 08-234 (ADC).

IT IS SO RECOMMENDED.

The sentence will be scheduled promptly, before Honorable Aida M. Delgado-Colón, District Court Judge.

San Juan, Puerto Rico, this 11th day of August of 2008.

s/ CAMILLE L. VELEZ-RIVE CAMILLE L. VELEZ-RIVE UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE